			(Original Signature of Member)
116TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION	H.	RES.	
Recognizing the 150	th anniv	ersary of the f Chicago.	ounding of Loyola University

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Ms.	Schakowsky	submitted	the	following	resolution;	which	was	referred	to
	the Com	mittee on						_	

RESOLUTION

Recognizing the 150th anniversary of the founding of Loyola University Chicago.

- Whereas Loyola University Chicago is celebrating its 150th anniversary as the only Jesuit Catholic university in Illinois on September 5, 2020;
- Whereas Arnold Damen, S.J., sought to open a college in affiliation with Holy Family Parish in 1856 to serve Chicago's Catholic immigrants, purchased land at the corner of Twelfth and May Streets, and began construction in 1859;
- Whereas St. Ignatius College opened on September 5, 1870, with a class of 37 students;

- Whereas the Great Chicago Fire started only a few blocks from St. Ignatius College in 1871, but the new College survived and served as a safe haven for the devastated neighborhood;
- Whereas, in 1905, Henry J. Dumbach, S.J., purchased nearly 20 acres of land in Rogers Park, the future home of Loyola's Lake Shore Campus;
- Whereas the School of Law opened in 1908 where men and women were both admitted;
- Whereas, on October 23, 1909, St. Ignatius College was granted a new charter by the State of Illinois and was officially renamed Loyola University;
- Whereas Loyola's student newspaper, The Loyola News, later the Loyola Phoenix, was founded in 1924;
- Whereas, in 1926, having no home field for its football team, Loyola adopted the nickname "Ramblers" for all of its athletic teams;
- Whereas, in 1935, Loyola established a School of Nursing, the first fully accredited collegiate school of nursing in the State of Illinois;
- Whereas, in 1963, Loyola's men's varsity basketball team played Mississippi State University in the Game of Change, a landmark of the civil rights movement;
- Whereas Loyola's men's basketball team goes on to win the 1963 NCAA Tournament, becoming the first and only team from Illinois to win the national championship;
- Whereas, in 1970, Loyola University marked the 100th anniversary of the founding of St. Ignatius College, and officially changed its name to Loyola University Chicago;

- Whereas Loyola's women's studies program awarded its first master's degrees in 2002;
- Whereas, in 2013, Loyola launched a new Institute for Environmental Sustainability;
- Whereas, in the fall of 2015, Loyola opened Arrupe College, an innovative 2-year college for Chicago-area students with limited financial means;
- Whereas Dr. Jo Ann Rooney became the 24th president of Loyola University Chicago in 2016, the first lay president in the university's history;
- Whereas Loyola launched its SCHOOLS 2020 Partnership program in 2017, supporting neighborhood-based public education on Chicago's northeast side;
- Whereas Loyola's men's basketball team made it to the Final Four of the 2018 NCAA Tournament, assisted by team chaplain, Sr. Jean Dolores Schmidt, BVM;

Whereas today—

- (1) Loyola University Chicago is one of Chicago's anchor institutions, employing more than 4,000 faculty and staff, and enrolling over 17,000 students;
- (2) 98 percent of Loyola students who graduate with a bachelor's degree are hired within 3 months of their graduation, or pursuing a graduate degree;
- (3) Loyola students interning at Chicago public schools provide more than 110,000 hours of unpaid support and assistance;
- (4) Loyola's Community Nursing Center provides home visits for the elderly in several communities on Chicago's northeast side;

- (5) Loyola Community and Family Services provides mental health services to children and families in Rogers Park and Edgewater, in Chicago;
- (6) Loyola's Health Justice Project provides probono legal and social services to vulnerable populations on Chicago's west and north sides;
- (7) Loyola's Urban Social Benefit Incubator builds the capacity of Chicago-based nonprofit organizations and social enterprises;
- (8) Loyola supports more than 300 community partner organizations across Chicago and the surrounding suburbs through student, staff, and faculty volunteer services; and
- (9) Loyola is ranked among the most environmentally sustainable college campuses in the Nation; and
- Whereas Loyola's graduates form a vital part of the human infrastructure of Chicago and Illinois, notably in the areas of medicine, nursing, law, teaching, social work, communications, public health, and environmental sustainability: Now, therefore, be it
 - 1 Resolved, That the House of Representatives recog-
 - 2 nizes the contributions Loyola University Chicago has pro-
 - 3 vided Chicago and its national community over its 150
 - 4 years of service.